

General method for the preparation of tetramic acids 25b-e. To a stirred solution of **23** (47.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (95 mL) at 0 °C was added a solution of ethyl hydrogen malonate (6.26 g, 47.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (38 mL), followed by a solution of 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (9.9 g, 48.0 mmol, 1.01 equiv) and DMAP (290 mg, 2.37 mmol, 0.05 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL). The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 15 min and allowed to warm to ambient temperature while stirring for an additional 2 h. After this time the solid urea by-product was removed by filtration. The filtrate was washed with H₂O (80 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated to a yellow semi-solid. To this was added acetone (30 mL) and the insoluble precipitate again removed via filtration. The filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo* to a yellow oil and used in the next step without further purification.

To a solution of NaOEt/EtOH prepared from sodium metal (1.09 g, 47.4 mmol) and absolute EtOH (31 mL) was added a solution of the crude diester in benzene (200 mL) over 5 min. The resulting mixture was brought to reflux for 6.5 h. The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature and then diluted with H₂O (100 mL). The layers were separated and the benzene layer further extracted with H₂O (2 x 80 mL). The aqueous layers were combined and residual EtOH was removed *in vacuo*, followed by careful acidification to pH 1 with conc. HCl at 0 °C. The resultant white precipitate was filtered and dried with a slow stream of N₂ gas to give lactams **25b-e** as white powders.

25b. The above procedure was followed using **23b** (7.54 g) to afford **24b** (7.53 g, 70% yield): mp 155-157 °C (dec., EtOH/CH₂Cl₂); IR (thin film/NaCl) 2973.8 (br m), 2933.0 (m), 2526.6 (br m), 1707.4 (s), 1590.3 (s), 1429.7 (s), 1388.7 (m), 1222.3 (m), 1179.3 (w), 1052.1 (m) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 315 K) δ 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (s, 2H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆, 305 K) δ 177.8, 167.6, 162.5, 98.3, 58.9, 52.9, 47.9, 27.5, 14.2; high resolution mass spectrum (EI) *m/z*

227.1155 [calcd for $C_{11}H_{17}NO_4$ (M^+) 227.1158]; Anal. Calcd for $C_{11}H_{17}NO_4$: C, 58.14; H, 7.54; N, 6.16; found: C, 58.08; H, 7.50; N, 6.23.

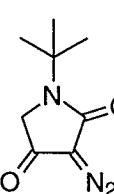
25c. The above procedure was followed using **24c** (12.00 g) to afford **25c** (12.6 g, 83% yield): mp 154-156 °C (EtOH/CH₂Cl₂); IR (thin film/NaCl) 2937.5 (br m), 2839.5 (w), 2612.4 (br w), 1704.0 (s), 1611.8 (s), 1514.9 (s), 1418.9 (s) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 6.89 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, *J* = 1.5, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 4.13 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 178.8, 167.3, 162.0, 148.8, 148.0, 130.0, 119.8, 111.9, 111.5, 97.8, 59.0, 55.5, 55.4, 49.0, 44.1, 14.3; high resolution mass spectrum (EI) *m/z* 321.1209 [calcd for $C_{16}H_{19}NO_6$ (M^+) 321.1212]; Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{19}NO_6$: C, 59.81; H, 5.96; N, 4.46; found: C, 59.93; H, 5.92; N, 4.36.

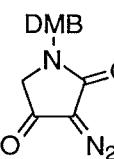
25d. The above procedure was followed using **24d** (10.6 g) to afford **25d** (11.1 g, 80% yield): mp 198-200 °C (dec., EtOH/CH₂Cl₂); IR (thin film/NaCl) 2982.1 (m), 2925.0 (m), 2841.1 (w), 2593.8 (br w), 1703.9 (s), 1609.7 (s), 1512.0 (m), 1447.1 (s), 1247.0 (s), 1038.6 (m) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 4.13 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 178.7, 167.3, 162.0, 158.4, 129.6, 128.9, 114.0, 97.8, 59.0, 55.0, 48.9, 43.7, 14.3; high resolution mass spectrum (EI) *m/z* 291.1107 [calcd for $C_{15}H_{17}NO_5$ (M^+) 291.1107]; Anal. Calcd for $C_{15}H_{17}NO_5$: C, 61.85; H, 5.88; N, 4.81; found: C, 61.70; H, 5.86; N, 4.73.

25e. The above procedure was followed using **24e** (9.15 g) to afford **25e** (8.79 g, 71% yield): mp 152-154 °C (dec., EtOH/CH₂Cl₂); IR (thin film/NaCl) 2980.0 (m), 2929.8 (m), 1707.3 (s), 1447.1 (s), 1255.0 (m), 1139.4 (m), 1045.4 (m), 933.6 (w), 797.0 (m), 703.0 (m) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 7.18-7.33 (comp m, 5H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 179.4, 167.7,

162.1, 137.8, 128.6, 127.1, 97.4, 58.9, 49.4, 44.3; high resolution mass spectrum (EI) m/z 261.0997 [calcd for $C_{14}H_{15}NO_4$ (M^+) 261.1101]; Anal. Calcd for $C_{14}H_{15}NO_4$: C, 64.36; H, 5.79; N, 5.36; found: C, 64.18; H, 5.75; N, 5.44.

Diazo lactams 17b-e. A solution of ester **25** (33.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and H_2O (1mL) was heated to reflux in CH_3CN (1.5 L) for 2 h. The volume of CH_3CN was reduced to approximately 35% the original volume (ca. 560 mL) *in vacuo*. The solution was cooled to 0 °C and treated sequentially with MsN_3 (8.12 g, 67.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in CH_3CN (168 mL) via addition funnel followed by Et_3N (9.34 mL, 67.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in CH_3CN (96 mL). After 15 min the ice bath was removed and the dark orange solution was allowed to warm to 25 °C, stirred for an additional 2 h, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The dark orange residue was dissolved in a minimum of EtOAc and filtered through a pad of silica gel (EtOAc eluent). The filtrate was washed once with 1N NaOH solution, dried over $MgSO_4$, filtered and concentrated to give **17b-e** as yellow solids, which were recrystallized from acetone/hexanes.

 **17b.** The above procedure was followed using **25b** (7.60 g) to afford **17b** (4.85 g, 80% yield): mp 83-85 °C (dec.); IR (CCl_4) 2980.8 (s), 2123.4 (s), 1718.8 (m), 1689.4 (s), 1441.6 (m), 1390.5 (s), 1347.9 (m), 1262.6 (w), 1224.3 (s), 1177.3 (m) cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 3.88 (s, 2H), 1.47 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 185.7, 161.7, 66.7, 55.7, 53.3, 28.0; high resolution mass spectrum (CI) m/z 182.0929 [calcd for $C_8H_{12}N_3O_2$ ($M+H$) 182.0930]; Anal. Calcd for $C_8H_{11}N_3O_2$: C, 53.03; H, 6.12; N, 23.19; found: C, 53.06; H, 6.15; N, 23.17.

 **17c.** The above procedure was followed using **25c** (10.75 g) to afford **17c** (8.29 g, 90% yield): mp 145-147 °C (EtOAc); IR (CCl_4) 2960.7 (br w), 2925.8 (br w), 2126.1 (s), 1695.2 (s), 1515.1 (m), 1451.2 (w), 1401.1 (m) cm^{-1} ; 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 6.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (s, 1H), 4.53 (s, 2H), 3.88 (s, 6H), 3.71 (s, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 185.7, 161.7, 149.5, 149.0, 127.7, 120.8, 111.3, 111.2, 66.0, 56.0, 55.9, 53.9, 46.5;

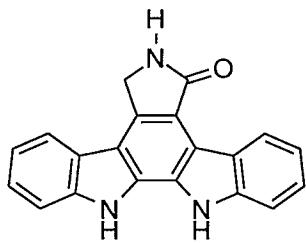
high resolution mass spectrum (CI) m/z 276.0981 [calcd for $C_{13}H_{14}N_3O_4$ ($M+H$) 276.0984]; Anal. Calcd for $C_{13}H_{13}N_3O_4$: C, 56.72; H, 4.76; N, 15.27; found: C, 56.81; H, 4.81; N, 15.36.

17d. The above procedure was followed using **25d** (9.75 g) to afford **17d** (7.22 g, 88% yield): mp 91-93 °C (EtOAc); IR (CCl₄) 2926.3 (br w), 2841.5 (w), 2129.8 (s), 1693.9 (s), 1613.3 (w), 1511.7 (m), 1458.8 (m), 1401.9 (s), 1361.2 (m), 1243.4 (m), 1223.0 (m), 1174.1 (m), 1040.0 (w) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.16 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 185.7, 161.6, 159.4, 129.6, 127.2, 114.3, 65.9, 55.2, 53.8, 46.0; high resolution mass spectrum (CI) m/z 246.0885 [calcd for $C_{12}H_{12}N_3O_3$ ($M+H$) 246.0879].

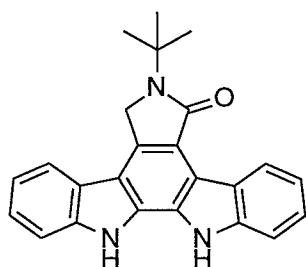
17e. The above procedure was followed using **25e** (8.74 g) to afford **17e** (6.54 g, 86% yield): mp 87-88 °C (EtOAc); IR (CCl₄) 3072.1 (w), 3033.8 (m), 2922.9 (m), 2867.6 (w), 2124.0 (s), 1695.7 (s), 1447.8 (s), 1405.1 (s), 1358.2 (s), 1230.3 (s), 1187.6 (m) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37-7.25 (comp m, 5H), 4.60 (s, 2H), 3.70 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 185.5, 161.7, 135.1, 128.9, 128.1, 128.1, 65.8, 53.8, 46.5; high resolution mass spectrum (CI) m/z 219.0779 [calcd for $C_{11}H_{10}N_3O_2$ ($M+H$) 216.0773]; Anal. Calcd for $C_{11}H_9N_3O_2$: C, 61.39; H, 4.21; N, 19.53; found: C, 61.47; H, 4.27; N, 19.53.

Indolocarbazoles 4a-e. Method A. A mixture of 2,2'-biindole (**20**) (200 mg, 0.86 mmol, 1.0 equiv), diazo tetramic acid **17a-e** (2.2 mmol, 2.5 equiv), Rh₂(OAc)₄ (38 mg, 0.086 mmol, 0.1 equiv) and pinacolone (8.6 mL) in a pressure tube fitted with a rubber septum was degassed with a stream of N₂ for 1 h. The septum was removed and the tube was flushed with N₂, sealed, and placed into a pre-heated sand bath (120 °C). After 6 h the tube was removed from the sand bath, allowed to cool to room temperature, and carefully opened. After removing the solvent *in vacuo*, the residue was dissolved in EtOAc (15 mL), washed with 1N NaOH (15 mL) solution, and dried

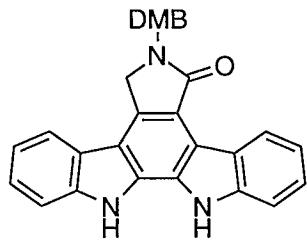
over MgSO₄. Filtration and removal of the solvent was followed by flash chromatography (1:1 EtOAc:hexanes eluent) to provide **4a-e** as pale yellow solids.



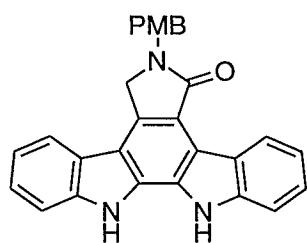
4a. The above procedure was followed using **17a** (275 mg) to afford **4a** (67 mg, 25% yield): mp >330 °C (dec., EtOAc/hexanes); IR (thin film/NaCl) 3343.7 (m), 3306.5 (w), 1645.7 (s), 1454.1 (s), 1389.3 (m), 1348.5 (m), 1329.9 (m), 1316.6 (w), 1277.0 (m), 1260.7 (w), 1050.7 (m) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.40 (br s, 1H), 11.20 (br s, 1H), 9.23 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.35 (br s, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (app.t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (app.t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (app.t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (app.t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 172.4, 139.2, 139.1, 132.9, 127.8, 125.4, 125.2, 125.0, 125.0, 122.8, 122.6, 121.1, 119.9, 118.9, 118.9, 115.6, 114.1, 111.9, 111.3, 45.3; high resolution mass spectrum (EI) *m/z* 311.1061 [calcd for C₂₀H₁₃N₃O (M⁺) 311.1059].



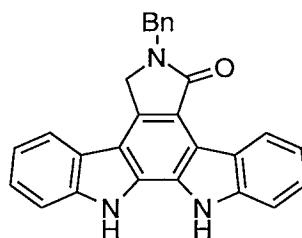
4b. The above procedure was followed using **17b** (400 mg) to afford **4b** (126 mg, 40% yield): mp >300 °C (dec., EtOAc/hexanes); IR (thin film/NaCl) 3485.3 (br m), 3456.0 (br m), 3343.1 (br s), 3249.7 (br m), 2979.7 (m), 1654.4 (w), 1600.5 (s), 1578.2 (s), 1465.8 (w), 1446.5 (m), 1385.0 (s), 1364.0 (m), 1335.9 (w), 1225.3 (s) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.45 (br s, 1H), 11.29 (br s, 1H), 9.24 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (app.t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (app.t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (app.t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (app.t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 1.65 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (62.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 169.9, 139.2, 139.0, 129.9, 127.6, 125.4, 125.3, 124.9, 122.7, 122.4, 122.0, 121.2, 119.7, 118.8, 115.1, 113.6, 111.8, 111.2, 101.9, 53.6, 48.1, 27.8; high resolution mass spectrum (FAB) *m/z* 368.1764 [calcd for C₂₄H₂₂N₃O₁ (M+H) 368.1763].



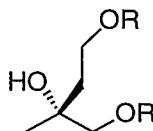
4c. The above procedure was followed using **17c** (605 mg) to afford **4c** (257 mg, 62% yield): mp >202 °C (dec., EtOAc); IR (thin film/NaCl) 3487.5 (br s), 3352.0 (br s), 3232.0 (br s), 3022.3 (m), 1579.1 (s), 1571.2 (s), 1517.7 (s), 1462.9 (s) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.50 (br s, 1H), 11.35 (br s, 1H), 9.28 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (app.t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (app.t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (app.t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (app.t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 4.94 (s, 2H), 4.82 (s, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (62.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 169.2, 148.9, 148.1, 139.1, 139.0, 130.6, 130.0, 127.7, 125.3, 124.9, 124.9, 124.8, 122.6, 122.3, 120.7, 119.9, 119.7, 118.8, 118.2, 115.4, 113.8, 112.3, 112.1, 111.7, 111.1, 55.5, 49.3, 45.4; high resolution mass spectrum (FAB) *m/z* 462.1813 [calcd for C₂₉H₂₄N₃O₃ (M+H) 462.1818].



4d. The above procedure was followed using **17d** (539 mg) to afford **4d** (204 mg, 55% yield): mp 190-200 °C (dec., acetone); IR (thin film/NaCl) 3429.3 (br s), 3351.3 (br s), 2912.4 (m), 1609.7 (s), 1580.3 (s), 1512.0 (s), 1465.5 (s), 1402.1 (w), 1250.6 (s), 1238.4 (s), 1177.3 (m), 1030.8 (w), 748.9 (s) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.53 (br s, 1H), 11.37 (br s, 1H), 9.28 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (app.t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (app.t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (app.t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (app.t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.94 (s, 2H), 4.83 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (62.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 169.2, 158.4, 139.1, 139.0, 130.0, 129.9, 128.9, 127.7, 125.3, 124.9, 124.8, 122.6, 122.2, 120.7, 119.7, 118.8, 118.2, 115.4, 113.9, 113.8, 111.7, 111.1, 54.9, 49.2, 45.0; high resolution mass spectrum (FAB) *m/z* 432.1699 [calcd for C₂₈H₂₂N₃O₂ (M+H) 432.1712].



4e. The above procedure was followed using **17e** (473 mg) to afford **4e** (200 mg, 58% yield).

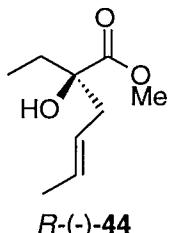


Triol 42. To a cooled ($0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) solution of (+)-**40** (1.56 g, 8.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (84 mL) was added DIBAL-H (6.72 mL, 37.69 mmol, 4.5 equiv) in a dropwise fashion over a period of 8 minutes. After stirring for 10 minutes at $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ the ice bath was removed, the mixture warmed to $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, and stirred for 30 minutes. The reaction was quenched with EtOAc (10 mL) followed by MeOH (5 mL). A saturated solution of sodium potassium tartrate (80 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred vigorously for 1.5 hours. The phases were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc . The combined organic layers were washed with saturated NaCl solution and dried over MgSO_4 . After removal of the solvent, a crude oil (845 mg) was obtained and used in the next step without further purification.

To a cooled solution ($0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) of the above oil (845 mg) in THF (74 mL) was added a solution of H_5IO_6 (1.20 g, 5.26 mmol) in H_2O (1.5 mL). After 20 minutes at $0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ and stirred for 40 minutes. An excess of NaBH_4 (250 mg, 6.6 mmol, 5.0 equiv) was added followed by 1M HCl (3 mL). After the vigorous reaction had ceased, the reaction mixture was extracted with EtOAc and the organic layers dried with MgSO_4 . Evaporation of the filtrate produced a colorless oil which was filtered through silica gel (5% $\text{MeOH}/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ eluent) to afford an oil (349 mg) which was used in the subsequent reaction without further purification.

A solution of the derived oil (349 mg) in a cooled ($-78\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$) mixture of CH_2Cl_2 (15 mL) and MeOH (3 mL) was treated with O_3 until the solution turned a pale blue (5-6 minutes). The mixture was purged with argon before an excess of NaBH_4 (250 mg,

6.6 mmol, 5.0 equiv) was added at -78 °C. After warming to ambient temperature the mixture was concentrated *in vacuo*. Flash chromatography (10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂ eluent) provided triol (*R*)-**46** (245 mg, 25% yield over 3 steps).



Ester (-)-44. To a solution of (-)-**41b** (382 mg, 2.05 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in ethylvinylether (1.4 mL) at 0 °C was added 2,2,2-trifluoroacetic acid (8.7 µL). The mixture was warmed to reflux for 24 hours. During that time ethylvinylether (1.4 mL) was added twice to replace evaporated solvent. The reaction mixture was cooled to 25 °C and quenched by adding Et₃N (45 µL). The mixture was partitioned between Et₂O (4 mL) and H₂O (0.4 mL). The organic layer was separated and washed with H₂O (0.5 mL), saturated NaCl solution (0.5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated to afford an oil (538 mg) which was used in the next step without further purification.

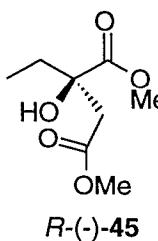
To a cooled solution (0 °C) of the derived oil (538 mg) in MeOH (10 mL) was added NaBH₄ (58 mg, 6.1 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at 0 °C, quenched by addition of H₂O (136 µL) and then partitioned between H₂O (3 mL) and Et₂O (30 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated to provide an oil (490 mg) which was used without further purification.

To a cooled solution (-78 °C) of the derived oil (490 mg) in THF (17.8 mL) was added KN(SiMe₃)₂ (9.4 mL, 0.4 M in toluene, 3.8 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 5 minutes and treated with CS₂ (1.2 mL, 20.0 mmol) followed by iodomethane (1.2 mL, 20.0 mmol). After 10 minutes at -78 °C the reaction was warmed to 0 °C, quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution (15 mL), and diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (120 mL). The organic layer was washed with H₂O (30 mL), saturated NaCl solution (30 mL), dried over MgSO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo* to afford an oil (659 mg) that was used without further purification.

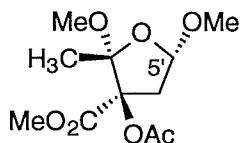
A solution of *n*-Bu₃SnH (1.53 mL, 5.69 mmol) and AIBN (62 mg, 0.39 mmol) in benzene (22.3 mL) was heated to reflux and treated dropwise with a solution of the crude oil obtained above (659 mg) in benzene (3.7 mL) over 10 min. The reflux was

continued for an additional hour, then allowed to cool to room temperature. The solvent was evaporated and the residue filtered through silica gel (0→5% EtOAc/hexanes gradient eluent) to provide an oil (469 mg).

A solution of the derived oil (469 mg) in THF (20 mL) was treated with 1N HCl (2 mL). The mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 15 minutes, the solvent was evaporated, and the residue partitioned between CH₂Cl₂ (133 mL) and H₂O (67 mL). The aqueous layer was further extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 67 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide a yellow oil which was purified by flash chromatography (5% EtOAc/hexanes eluent) to provide (-)-**44** as a pale yellow oil (153 mg, 44% yield over 5 steps): [α]²⁰_D -8.53 (*c* 1.06, CHCl₃); IR (thin film/NaCl) 3530.1 (w), 3028.8 (w), 2962.2 (m), 2955.8 (m), 2936.6 (m), 2922.8 (m), 2880.7 (w), 2855.8 (w), 1733.9 (s), 1459.2 (m), 1378.4 (w), 1339.5 (w), 1293.4 (w), 1243.1 (s), 1211.6 (s), 1152.5 (s), 1068.7 (m), 1019.8 (m), 970.7 (m), 871.4 (w), 805.1 (w), 749.2 (w) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.83 (m, 1H), 5.37 (m, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.12 (s, 1H), 2.40 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 13.8 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 13.8 Hz, 1H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.65 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 176.6, 129.6, 124.7, 78.0, 52.4, 42.4, 31.6, 18.0, 7.8; high resolution mass spectrum (CI) *m/z* 173.1177 [calcd for C₉H₁₇O₃ (M+H) 173.1178].



Diester (-)-45. A cooled solution (-78 °C) of (-)-**44** (153 mg) in CH₂Cl₂ (4.3 mL) and 2.5 N NaOH (1.2 mL) in MeOH, was treated with O₃ until the solution turned pale blue. Diethylether (14 mL) and H₂O (14 mL) were added and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to 25 °C followed by extraction with Et₂O (3 x 60 mL). After evaporation of the solvent the crude product was filtered through a pad of silica gel (20% EtOAc/hexanes) to afford (-)-**45** as a colorless oil (74 mg, 44% yield, [α]²⁰_D -13.88 (*c* 1.03, CHCl₃))

X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY REPORT FOR FURANOSE (\pm)-30a

A. Crystal Data

Empirical Formula.....C₁₁H₁₈O₇

Formula Weight.....262.26

Crystal Color/Habit colorless plate

Crystal Dimensions (mm).....0.10 X 0.18 X 0.22

Crystal Systemmonoclinic

No. Reflections Used for Unit

Cell Determination (2_ range).....25(15.4 - 20.7°)

Omega Scan Peak Width

at Half-height0.21

Lattice Parameters:

a7.752 (5) Å

b21.447 (4) Å

c8.243 (3) Å

β104.88 (4) °

V1325 (1) Å³Space GroupP2₁/a (#14)

Z value4

D_{calc}1.315 g/cm³F₀₀₀560μ(MoKα).....1.03 cm⁻¹

B. Intensity Measurements

DiffractometerRigaku AFC5S

Radiation	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71069 \text{ \AA}$)
Temperature	23 °C
Attenuators.....	Zr foil (factors: 2.3, 5.3, 11.7)
Take-off Angle	6.0°
Detector Aperture.....	6.0 mm hor./6.0 mm vert.
Crystal to Detector Distance	285 mm
Scan Type.....	ω -2 θ
Scan Rate.....	6.0°/min in ω (2 rescans)
Scan Width.....	(1.57 + 0.30 tan θ)°
2 θ max	50.0°
No. of Reflections Measured:	
Total :.....	2599
Unique:	2417 (Rint = .046)
Corrections.....	Lorentz-polarization Decay (-7.60% decline)

C. Structure Solution and Refinement

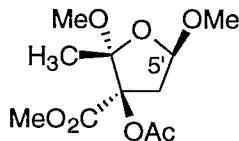
Structure Solution.....	Direct Methods
Refinement.....	Full-matrix least-squares
Function Minimized	$\sum w (F_o - F_c)^2$
Least-squares Weights.....	$4F_o^2/s^2(F_o^2)$
p-factor.....	0.03
Anomalous Dispersion	All non-hydrogen atoms
No. Observations ($I > 3.00s(I)$).....	884
No. Variables.....	163
Reflection/Parameter Ratio	5.42
Residuals:	R; Rw 0.042; 0.046
Goodness of Fit Indicator.....	1.38
Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle.....	0.00

Maximum Peak in Final Diff. Map 0.16 e-/Å³
 Minimum Peak in Final Diff. Map -0.16 e-/Å³

Positional parameters and B(eq) for furanos (\pm)-**30a**

atom	x	y	z	B(eq)
O1	0.1039(4)	0.0971(1)	0.1315(4)	3.7(1)
O2	0.3557(4)	0.0683(1)	0.0421(4)	4.1(2)
O3	0.3498(4)	0.1393(2)	0.4305(4)	3.6(1)
O4	0.5196(5)	0.2250(2)	0.4962(4)	5.5(2)
O5	0.6482(4)	0.1639(2)	0.1791(4)	5.1(2)
O6	0.6719(4)	0.1021(2)	0.4028(4)	4.2(2)
O7	0.0336(4)	0.1724(2)	-0.0825(4)	4.9(2)
C1	0.2843(6)	0.0780(2)	0.1818(6)	3.5(2)
C2	0.3819(6)	0.1380(2)	0.2645(5)	3.0(2)
C3	0.2792(6)	0.1884(2)	0.1527(6)	4.0(2)
C4	0.0924(6)	0.1625(2)	0.0902(6)	3.6(2)
C5	0.2976(7)	0.0211(2)	0.2917(6)	4.8(3)
C6	0.2607(8)	0.0251(3)	-0.0811(7)	6.2(3)
C7	0.4271(7)	0.1864(3)	0.5341(6)	4.2(3)
C8	0.3765(7)	0.1817(3)	0.6978(7)	5.9(3)
C9	0.5822(6)	0.1373(2)	0.2758(6)	3.6(2)
C10	0.8639(6)	0.1001(3)	0.4247(7)	5.6(3)
C11	-0.1523(8)	0.1593(3)	-0.1459(7)	6.0(3)
H1	0.2780	0.2258	0.2144	4.7
H2	0.3300	0.1965	0.0615	4.7
H3	0.0145	0.1827	0.1455	4.4

H4	0.2582	0.0312	0.3885	5.8
H5	0.2248	-0.0112	0.2309	5.8
H6	0.4181	0.0074	0.3248	5.8
H7	0.1411	0.0389	-0.1229	7.4
H8	0.3167	0.0227	-0.1708	7.4
H9	0.2614	-0.0149	-0.0313	7.4
H10	0.4296	0.2150	0.7692	7.0
H11	0.2504	0.1840	0.6776	7.0
H12	0.4174	0.1431	0.7502	7.0
H13	0.9167	0.0739	0.5169	6.7
H14	0.8891	0.0842	0.3257	6.7
H15	0.9115	0.1410	0.4459	6.7
H16	-0.2195	0.1867	-0.0954	7.2
H17	-0.1857	0.1651	-0.2642	7.2
H18	-0.1753	0.1174	-0.1204	7.2

X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY REPORT FOR FURANOSE (\pm)-30b

A. Crystal Data

Empirical Formula..... C₁₁H₁₈O₇

Formula Weight..... 262.26

Crystal Color/Habit colorless cut block

Crystal Dimensions (mm)..... 0.38 X 0.40 X 0.45

Crystal System monoclinic

No. Reflections Used for Unit

Cell Determination (2_ range)..... 8(16.7 - 21.8°)

Omega Scan Peak Width

at Half-height 0.20

Lattice Parameters:

a 8.625 (3) Å

b 22.44 (1) Å

c 8.157 (2) Å

β 118.87 (2) °

V 1382 (2) Å³Space Group P2₁/a (#14)

Z value 4

D_{calc} 1.260 g/cm³F₀₀₀ 560μ(MoKα)..... 0.99 cm⁻¹

B. Intensity Measurements

Diffractometer Rigaku AFC5S

Radiation	MoKa ($\lambda = 0.71069 \text{ \AA}$)
Temperature	23 °C
Attenuators.....	Zr foil (factors: 2.3, 5.3, 11.7)
Take-off Angle	6.0°
Detector Aperture.....	6.0 mm hor./6.0 mm vert.
Crystal to Detector Distance	285 mm
Scan Type.....	ω -2θ
Scan Rate.....	8.0°/min in ω (2 rescans)
Scan Width.....	(1.68 + 0.30 tanθ)°
2θmax	49.8°

No. of Reflections Measured:

Total	4006
Unique:	1914 (Rint = .060)
Corrections.....	Lorentz-polarization
	Decay (-55.00% decline)

C. Structure Solution and Refinement

Structure Solution.....	Direct Methods
Refinement.....	Full-matrix least-squares
Function Minimized	$\sum w (F_O - F_C)^2$
Least-squares Weights.....	$4F_O^2/\sigma^2(F_O^2)$
p-factor.....	0.03
Anomalous Dispersion	All non-hydrogen atoms
No. Observations ($I > 3.00s(I)$).....	1136
No. Variables.....	163
Reflection/Parameter Ratio	6.97
Residuals:.....	R; R_w 0.055; 0.065
Goodness of Fit Indicator.....	2.36
Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle.....	0.00

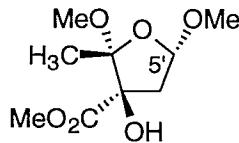
Maximum Peak in Final Diff. Map 0.40 e-/Å³
 Minimum Peak in Final Diff. Map -0.28 e-/Å³

Positional parameters and B(eq) for (\pm)-30b

atom	x	y	z	B(eq)
O1	0.1799(3)	0.6087(1)	-0.0760(4)	3.9(1)
O2	0.4497(4)	0.5739(1)	0.1627(3)	3.9(1)
O3	0.3938(3)	0.6817(1)	-0.1812(4)	3.8(1)
O4	0.5464(5)	0.6648(2)	-0.3393(5)	5.5(2)
O5	0.7139(4)	0.5665(2)	0.0072(5)	5.6(2)
O6	0.7313(4)	0.6623(2)	0.0910(4)	5.0(1)
O7	0.0270(4)	0.5902(1)	-0.3940(4)	4.7(1)
C1	0.3606(5)	0.6218(2)	0.0424(5)	3.5(2)
C2	0.4416(5)	0.6238(2)	-0.0935(5)	3.1(2)
C3	0.3411(6)	0.5735(2)	-0.2282(5)	3.8(2)
C4	0.1643(5)	0.5702(2)	-0.2242(6)	3.6(2)
C5	0.3740(7)	0.5531(2)	0.2766(6)	5.3(2)
C6	0.3716(6)	0.6785(2)	0.1480(6)	4.8(2)
C7	0.4575(6)	0.6972(2)	-0.3007(6)	4.3(2)
C8	0.4014(8)	0.7593(3)	-0.3736(7)	6.2(3)
C9	0.6452(6)	0.6134(2)	0.0049(6)	4.1(2)
C10	0.9274(7)	0.6539(3)	0.1758(8)	7.4(3)
C11	-0.1452(7)	0.5760(3)	-0.4187(7)	7.3(3)
H1	0.3213	0.5824	-0.3507	4.6
H2	0.4043	0.5371	-0.1871	4.6
H3	0.1422	0.5304	-0.2012	4.3

H4	0.3736	0.5847	0.3539	6.4
H5	0.2560	0.5400	0.1979	6.4
H6	0.4426	0.5210	0.3529	6.4
H7	0.4923	0.6881	0.2289	5.7
H8	0.3165	0.7101	0.0615	5.7
H9	0.3129	0.6728	0.2199	5.7
H10	0.4461	0.7865	-0.2717	7.5
H11	0.4467	0.7692	-0.4556	7.5
H12	0.2758	0.7615	-0.4396	7.5
H13	0.9642	0.6224	0.2646	8.8
H14	0.9561	0.6443	0.0802	8.8
H15	0.9861	0.6896	0.2364	8.8
H16	-0.1584	0.5929	-0.3194	8.8
H17	-0.2333	0.5917	-0.5347	8.8
H18	-0.1578	0.5339	-0.4184	8.8

X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY REPORT FOR C(2')epi-9a.



EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

A. Crystal Data

Empirical Formula..... C₉O₆H₁₆

Formula Weight..... 220.22

Crystal Color/Habit colorless cut block

Crystal Dimensions (mm)..... 0.34 X 0.44 X 0.48

Crystal System triclinic

No. Reflections Used for Unit

Cell Determination (2θ range)..... 25(17.3 - 33.8°)

Omega Scan Peak Width at Half-height..... 0.22

Lattice Parameters:

a 7.619 (8) Å

b 9.66 (1) Å

c 7.595 (8) Å

α 91.3 (1) °

β 98.6 (1) °

γ 99.24 (9) °

V 545 (2) Å³

Space Group P-1 (#2)

Z value 2

D_{calc} 1.342 g/cm³F₀₀₀ 236μ(MoKα)..... 1.06 cm⁻¹

B. Intensity Measurements

Diffractometer	Rigaku AFC5S
Radiation	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71069 \text{ \AA}$)
Temperature	23 °C
Attenuators	Zr foil (factors: 2.3, 5.3, 11.7)
Take-off Angle	6.0°
Detector Aperture.....	6.0 mm hor./6.0 mm vert.
Crystal to Detector Distance	285 mm
Scan Type.....	ω -2 θ
Scan Rate.....	8.0°/min in ω (2 rescans)
Scan Width.....	(1.68 + 0.30 tan θ)°
2 θ max	50.0°

No. of Reflections Measured

Total:.....	2069
Unique:	1912 (R _{int} = .036)

Corrections.....	Lorentz-polarization Decay (-15.00% decline)
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C. Structure Solution and Refinement

Structure Solution.....	Direct Methods
Refinement.....	Full-matrix least-squares
Function Minimized	$\sum w (F_O - F_C)^2$
Least-squares Weights.....	$4F_O^2/\sigma^2(F_O^2)$
p-factor.....	0.02
Anomalous Dispersion	All non-hydrogen atoms
No. Observations ($I > 3.00s(I)$).....	1377
No. Variables.....	200
Reflection/Parameter Ratio	6.89
Residuals:.....	R; R _w 0.038; 0.043

Goodness of Fit Indicator.....	2.01
Max Shift/Error in Final Cycle.....	0.00
Maximum Peak in Final Diff. Map	0.18 e-/Å ³
Minimum Peak in Final Diff. Map	-0.18 e-/Å ³

Positional parameters and B(eq) for C(2')-epi-9a.

atom	x	y	z	B(eq)
O1	0.7759(2)	0.7060(1)	0.2591(2)	3.15(6)
O2	0.8680(2)	0.9476(1)	0.2391(2)	3.46(6)
O3	1.2136(2)	0.9218(2)	0.2951(2)	4.19(7)
O4	1.1137(2)	0.5579(2)	0.2443(2)	4.83(8)
O5	1.2615(2)	0.7218(2)	0.0928(2)	4.18(7)
O6	0.7471(2)	0.7810(2)	0.5486(2)	4.21(7)
C1	0.8948(3)	0.8113(2)	0.1882(3)	2.91(8)
C2	1.0833(3)	0.7997(2)	0.2951(3)	3.10(8)
C3	1.0350(3)	0.7611(3)	0.4778(3)	3.9(1)
C4	0.8369(3)	0.7002(3)	0.4472(3)	3.5(1)
C5	0.6925(4)	0.9798(3)	0.1801(5)	4.8(1)
C6	0.8694(4)	0.7869(3)	-0.0111(3)	3.7(1)
C7	1.1541(3)	0.6786(2)	0.2101(3)	3.3(1)
C8	1.3270(5)	0.6127(4)	-0.0001(5)	5.6(1)
C9	0.5627(5)	0.7261(5)	0.5454(5)	6.5(2)
H1	1.114(3)	0.698(2)	0.539(3)	4.1(5)
H2	1.055(3)	0.845(2)	0.555(3)	3.6(5)

H3	0.807(3)	0.599(2)	0.473(3)	4.0(5)
H4	0.679(4)	1.009(3)	0.068(5)	8(1)
H5	0.596(4)	0.909(3)	0.191(4)	7.2(8)
H6	0.676(4)	1.052(4)	0.256(4)	9(1)
H7	0.960(3)	0.853(2)	-0.060(3)	4.2(5)
H8	0.894(3)	0.691(3)	-0.047(3)	4.3(5)
H9	0.745(3)	0.797(2)	-0.060(3)	4.4(5)
H10	1.166(4)	0.984(3)	0.332(4)	6.7(8)
H11	1.219(4)	0.557(3)	-0.071(4)	7.3(8)
H12	1.409(5)	0.660(4)	-0.079(5)	11(1)
H13	1.391(6)	0.564(5)	0.086(6)	13(1)
H14	0.512(5)	0.786(4)	0.618(5)	10(1)
H15	0.497(5)	0.707(4)	0.429(6)	10(1)
H16	0.555(5)	0.633(4)	0.583(5)	12(1)